



NHRCT

The National Human Rights Commission of Thailand
(NHRCT)



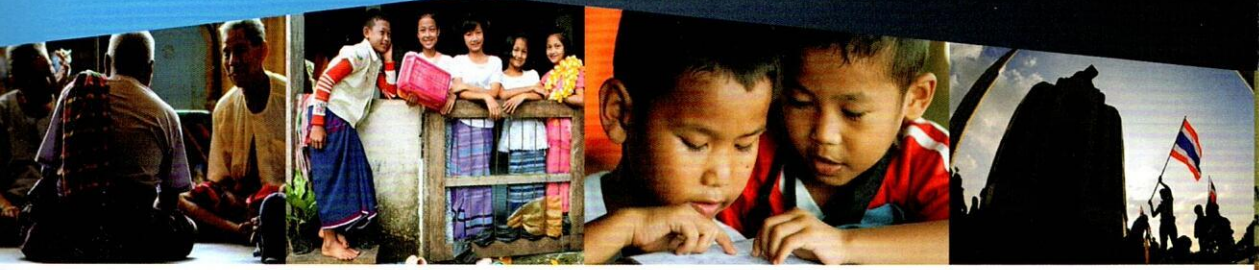
About the NHRCT

The National Human Rights Commission of Thailand was established for the first time under the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. 2540 (1997) as a result of the public's driving force and demand for an independent mechanism to promote and protect rights and liberties of people. **The Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. 2560 (2017)** and the Organic Act on the National Human Rights Commission, B.E. 2560 (2017) prescribe that the Commission shall consist of seven Commissioners appointed by the King upon the advice of the Senate. They shall hold office for a term of seven years as from the date of appointment by the King.



Selection Process of the National Human Rights Commission

The National Human Rights Commissioners are selected by the Selection Committee, consisting of representatives from various sectors, including the Court, the parliament, private organizations in the field of human rights, professional organizations, and lecturers from educational institutions that teach or work in the field of human rights. The shortlist of persons selected for appointment as Commissioners will be submitted to the Senate for approval. The criteria for approval are the person's impartiality, knowledge, and explicit experience in the protection of rights and liberties of people.



Core mandates

1) Human rights protection

- To examine and report facts in cases of human rights violations, then provide advice to public or private agencies involved in preventing or correcting human rights violations, including remedial measures for the affected person.

2) Human rights promotion

- To promote awareness of human rights importance for all sectors in the society.

3) Recommendations provided for related organizations, the government, and the parliament

- To provide advice to relevant agencies, the government, and the parliament to promote and protect human rights, including amendments to laws, rules, regulations, or orders to comply with human rights principles.

4) Assessment of the human rights situations

- To prepare a human rights situation assessment report for submission to the parliament and the cabinet, and dissemination to the general public.
- To explain and report correct facts without delay where there is an incorrect or unfair report on the human rights situations.



Petition

When it appears to the National Human Rights Commissioner that a situation of human rights violation has occurred, the Commissioner can raise the matter for examination. In addition, the affected person or a witness can inform or submit a petition as follows :

- In person at the Office of National Human Rights Commission of Thailand, the Regional Centers for Human Rights Study and Coordination, or any National Human Rights Commissioner.
- By mail
- By telephone
- By fax
- By e-mail



North - Faculty of Law
Chiang Mai University

Northeast - Faculty of Law
Khon Kaen University

West - Faculty of Humanities and Social Science
Phetchaburi Rajabhat University

East - Faculty of Political Science and Law
Burapha University

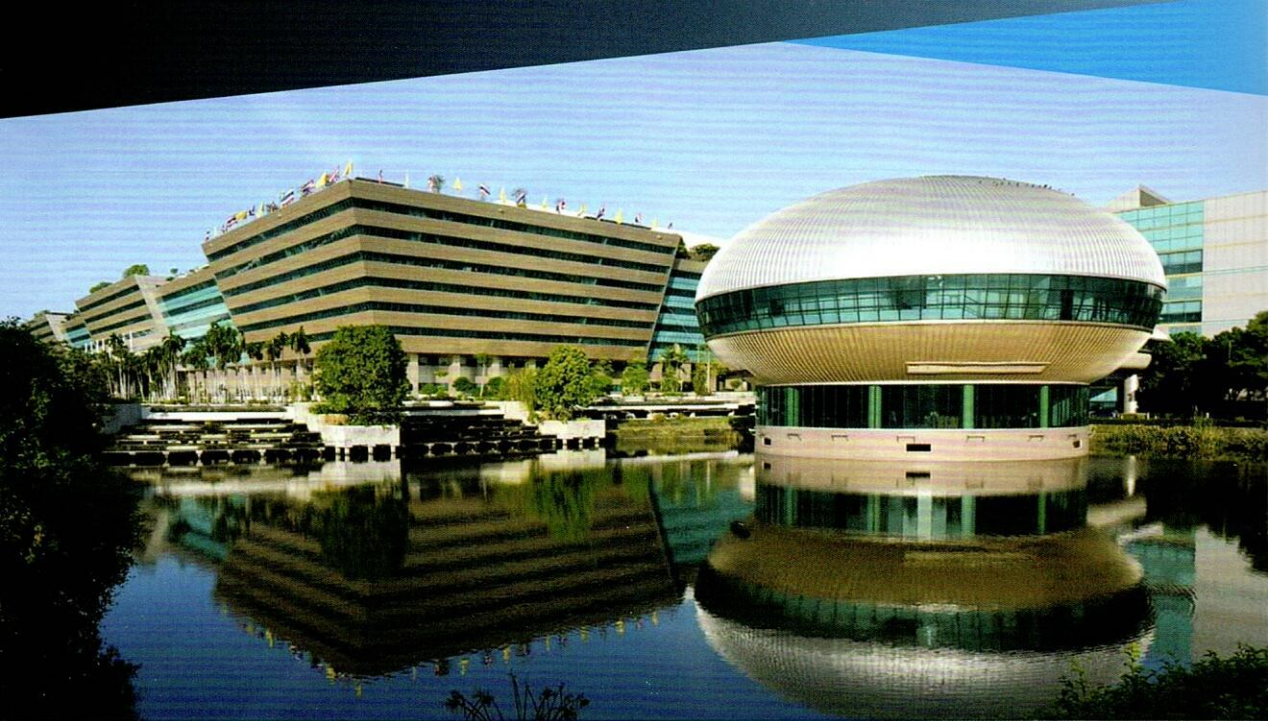
South - Faculty of Law
Suratthani Rajabhat University

Southern Border Provinces - Faculty of Political Science
Prince of Songkla University, Pattani Campus



Regional Centers

for Human Rights Study and Coordination



Contact us

Office of the National Human Rights Commission of Thailand
The Government Complex, Building B 6th - 7th Floor,
120 Chaengwattana Road, Lak Si Intersection, Bangkok 10210.



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+66-2143-9563



<http://www.nhrc.or.th>



help@nhrc.or.th

Call Center: 1377
(during office hours)

"Peace can only last where human rights are respected,
where the people are fed, and where individuals
and nations are free."

Dalai Lama

